













Computing Progression Plan Years 1 - 6

Aspect	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Computer Science							
Hardware	*Explore and tinker with hardware to understand how it works. *Understand that computers and devices use inputs and outputs. *Learn where keys are located on the keyboard. *Learn how to operate a camera.	*Understand what a computer is and that it is made up of different components. *Recognise that buttons cause effects and technology follows instructions. *Learn how we know that technology is doing what we want it to via its output. *Use greater control when operating a camera and taking photographs. *Developing confidence with the keyboard and the basics of touch typing.	*Understand what the different components of a computer do and how they work together. *Draw comparisons across different types of computers.	*Learn about the purpose of servers and routers.	*Learn that external devices can be programmed by a separate computer.	*Describe the difference between ROM and RAM and recognise how the size of RAM affects the processing data.	
Networks and representation				*Learn what a network is and its purpose. *Identify key components within a network, including whether they are wired and wireless. *Recognise links between networks and the internet. *Learn how data is transferred.	*Learn vocabulary associated with data and transmit. *Learn how the data for digital images can be compressed. *Recognise that computers transfer data in binary code and read simple binary.	*Understand that computer networks provide multiple services. *Identify the purpose of binary code and read and write binary code.	
Computational thinking	*Understand the term decomposition and use it to solve unplugged challenges. *Using logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs.	*Use decomposition to decompose a story or a game into smaller parts. *Learn what abstraction is and that there are different levels.	*Use decomposition to explain the parts of a laptop computer. *Use decomposition to explore and understand code.	*Solve unplugged problems by decomposing them into smaller parts and use decomposition to understand the purpose of a script of code.	*Decompose animations into a series of images. *Decompose a program without support. *Decompose a story to be able to plan a program to tell a story.	*Decompose a program into an algorithm. *Use past experiences to help solve new problems. *Write increasingly complex algorithms for a purpose.	















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	*Develop the skills associated with sequencing in unplugged activities. *Learn that an algorithm is a set of instructions and follow a basic algorithm.	*Explain what an algorithm is, follow an algorithm and create a clear and precise algorithm. *Learn that computers use algorithms to make predictions. *Learn that programs execute by following precise instructions.	*Understand that computers follow instructions. *Use an algorithm to explain the roles of different parts of a computer; explain the purpose of an algorithm and form algorithms independently.	*Identify patterns through unplugged activities. *Use past experiences to solve new problems. *Use abstraction to identify the important parts when completing both plugged and unplugged activities. *Create algorithms for a specific purpose.	*Predict how software will work based on previous experiences. *Write more complex algorithms for a purpose.	
Programming	*Program a Beebot to follow a planned route and explain how the Beebot works. *Learn to debug instructions when things go wrong. *Learn to debug an algorithm in an unplugged scenario.	*Use logical thinking to explore software, predict, test and explain what it does. *Use an algorithm to write a basic computer program. *Learn what loops are and incorporate them to make a code more efficient.	*Use logical thinking to explore more complex software; predicting, testing and explaining what it does. *Incorporate loops independently to make code more efficient. *Use a more systematic approach to debugging code, justifying what is wrong and how it can be corrected.	*Understand that websites can be altered by exploring the code beneath the site. *Code a simple game. *Use abstraction and pattern recognition to modify code. *Incorporate variables to make code more efficient. *Use a more systematic approach to debugging code, justifying what is wrong and how it can be corrected.	*Iterate and develop their programming as they work. *Begin to use nested loops. *Debug their own code and write code to create a desired effect. *Use a range of programming commands, including repetition.	*Debug quickly and effectively to make a program more efficient. *Remix existing code to explore a problem. *Use and adapt nested loops. *Changed a program to personalise it. Predict, adapt and evaluate code to understand its purpose.
Information Tech	nology	<u> </u>				
Using software	*Use basic tools within graphic editing software. *Take and edit photographs. *Understand how to create digital art using a paint tool. *Develop control of the mouse through dragging, clicking and resizing images to create effects.	*Develop word processing skills, including altering text, copying and pasting, and using keyboard shortcuts. *Use word processing software to type and reformat text. *Use software to create story animations. *Take and label photographs.	*Confidently take photographs and record videos. *Use software to edit and enhance their photographs or videos, adding transitions, music, sounds and text on screen.	*Identify the features of a website. *Design a website, using the appropriate features. *With support, learn how to use 3D design software.	*Using logical thinking to explore software more independently, making predictions based on their previous experience. *Use software to create music. *Use 3D design software for a specific purpose.	*Use logical thinking to explore software independently, iterating ideas and testing continuously. *Use search and word processing skills to create presentations. *Plan, record and edit videos, adding multiple elements. *Use design software to design a realistic product.















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Using email and the	*Search and download	*Independently search and	*Learn to log in and out of	*Developing searching skills	*Learn how to use search	*Understand how search
internet	images from the internet	download images from the	an email account.	to help find relevant	engines effectively to find	engines work.
	safely.	internet safely.	*Write an email, include a	information on the internet.	information, focussing on	
	*Recognise and read	*Send and receive emails	subject, to and from.		keyword searches and	
	emails.	with an adult.	*Send an email with an		evaluating search returns.	
			attachment.			
Using data	*Pupils are introduced to	*Collect and input data into a	*Understand the	*Identify where digital	*Understand how data is	*Understand how barcodes,
	spreadsheets.	spreadsheet.	vocabulary associated with	content can have advantages	collected and its advantages.	QR codes and RFID work.
	*Represent data in tables	*Interpret and sort data and	databases.	over paper when storing and	*Identify barcodes, QR codes	*Gather and analyse data in
	and pictograms.	create branching databases	*Create and interpret	manipulating data.	and RFID and how they are	real time.
			charts and graphs to	*Sort and filter databases to	used.	*Create formulas and sort
			understand data.	easily retrieve information.	*Begin to c reate formulas and	data within spreadsheets.
					sort data within spreadsheets.	
Wider use of	*Recognise some common	*Learn how computers are	*Understand the	*Understand that software	*Understand and describe	*Learn about the Internet of
technology	uses of information	used in the wider world.	advantages of email.	can be used collaboratively	what a search engine is.	Things and how it has led to
	technology, in and beyond			online to work as a team.	*Know what 'big data' is.	'big data.' Understand how
	school.					this data can be used to solve
						problems or improve
						efficiency.
Digital Literacy and	l Online Safety					
Using technology	*Self-image and identity	*Self-image and identity	*Self-image and identity	*Self-image and identity	*Self-image and identity	*Self-image and identity
safely, respectfully	*Online Relationships	*Online Relationships	*Online Relationships	*Online Relationships	*Online Relationships	*Online Relationships
and responsibily	*Online Reputation	*Online Reputation	*Online Reputation	*Online Reputation	*Online Reputation	*Online Reputation
	*Online Bullying	*Online Bullying	*Online Bullying	*Online Bullying	*Online Bullying	*Online Bullying
	*Managing Online	*Managing Online	*Managing Online	*Managing Online	*Managing Online Information	*Managing Online
	Information	Information	Information	Information	*Health, wellbeing & lifestyle	Information
	*Health, wellbeing &	*Health, wellbeing & lifestyle	*Health, wellbeing &	*Health, wellbeing & lifestyle	*Privacy and security	*Health, wellbeing & lifestyle
	lifestyle	*Privacy and security	lifestyle	*Privacy and security	*Copyright and ownership	*Privacy and security
	*Privacy and security	*Copyright and ownership	*Privacy and security	*Copyright and ownership		*Copyright and ownership
	*Copyright and ownership		*Copyright and ownership			