



## Mottram C.E. Primary School

# **Cared For Children Policy**

### **Objective**

To promote the educational achievement and welfare of looked after pupils

### **Definition of Cared For / Looked After Children**

The Children Act (1989) introduced changes in terminology. The term 'in care' now refers solely to children who are subject to Care Orders. Children who are cared for on a voluntary basis are 'accommodated' by the local authority.

Both these groups are said to be 'looked after' by the local authority.

Accommodated children also include those in receipt of respite care-if it exceeds 20 days in one episode or over 120 days in a year.

It is important not to confuse a young person's legal status with their living arrangements. For example, a child on a Care Order can be living with:

- foster carers
- in a children's home
- in a residential school
- with relatives, or
- even with parents – under the supervision of the Social Services Department (SSD)

Similarly, an 'accommodated' child can be living:

- in foster care
- in a children's home
- in a residential school
- or even, very unusually, with parents.

### **The Role of the Named Teacher: Mrs M Scattergood**

- To ensure that all staff, both teaching and non-teaching, are aware of the difficulties and educational disadvantage faced by children and young people 'looked after' and understand the need for positive systems of support to overcome them
- To inform members of staff of the general educational needs of children who are looked after, and to promote the involvement of these children in extracurricular activities, homework, school councils.



- To hold a supervisory brief for all children being looked after, for example to ensure all relevant education and care information is available to school staff and carer(s), and that this information is kept up to date.
- To intervene if there is evidence of individual underachievement.
- To develop and monitor systems for liaising with education, carers and the SSD for reporting and recording absence from school and by acting to address these issues through early and positive intervention.

### **Liaison**

- To liaise with the member of staff responsible for monitoring children on the Child Protection Register.
- To co-ordinate education and SSD review meetings, so that any Individual Education Plans can inform the child's Care Plan.
- To attend, arrange for someone else to attend, or to contribute in other ways to SSD core planning meetings.
- To be the named contact for colleagues in Education and SSD.
- To report on the progress of all looked after children to Education.

### **Training**

- To develop knowledge of SSD/Education procedures by attending training events.
- To cascade training to school staff as appropriate.

### **Role of Named Governor: Catherine Harris**

The named Governor will report to the Governing Body on an annual basis:

- The number of looked after pupils in the school.
- A comparison of test scores as a discrete group, compared with those of other pupils.
- The attendance of pupils as a discrete group, compared to other pupils.
- The level of fixed term/permanent exclusions.

The named Governor should be satisfied that the school's policies and procedures ensure that looked after pupils have equal access to:

- The National Curriculum
- Additional Educational Support.

### **Responsibility for LAC in School**

It is important that all teaching staff who are in contact with the child or young person are aware that he/she is being looked after by the local authority. The responsibility for the transfer of this information should be that of the Headteacher and the person named as the Co-ordinator for 'Looked After Children' within the school: *M Scattergood*



It is appropriate for a classroom support assistant to have knowledge that the young person is being looked after only when directly involved in the teaching of the young person.

In the absence of the usual class teacher, some information regarding the child's circumstances should be shared with the Teaching Assistant covering the class. The extent of this sharing should be determined by the Headteacher or the School's Co-ordinator for 'Looked After Children' within the school.

### **Admission Arrangements**

On admission, records will be requested from the pupil's previous school. A home school agreement will be drawn up with the primary carer. An appropriate school induction will take place.

### **Involving the Young Person**

It is important that the young person is aware that information is being recorded regarding their personal circumstances. How this is shared with them clearly depends on their age and understanding. The explanation should emphasise the school, the Social Worker and their carer(s) are working together to promote their education.

Where age appropriate, it is important to establish the child's view of their changed circumstances if appropriate and what they want others to know. It is also important to ensure that a named teacher/carers prepares the child for situations when they are asked about home by other pupils in the playground.

### **Communication with Other Agencies**

Ideally, the Social Worker and the School Co-ordinator for 'Looked After Children', should meet when the young person becomes looked after, or when they join the school. This will enable information concerning the child's progress and circumstances to be shared. The monitoring form should help ensure that all information relevant to school is exchanged.

Schools should ensure that a copy of all reports (e.g. end of year) should be forwarded to the young person's Social Worker in addition to, for example, the foster carer or residential Social Worker.

Social Services, Education and Leisure Services, and schools will need to exchange information between formal reviews if there are significant changes in the young person's circumstances, e.g. if the school is considering an exclusion, there is a change of care placement or there are significant attendance issues.

### **Assessment, Monitoring and Review Procedures**

Each looked after pupil will be monitored through a Pupil Education Plan (Tameside PEP) This will identify specific areas of concern and achievable targets.



Areas for consideration will include:

- Attendance
- Achievement Record (academic or otherwise)
- Homework
  
- Involvement in Extra Curricular Activities
- Relationship to Care Plan/Review Statement
- Special Needs (if any)
  
- Development Needs (short- and long-term development of skills, knowledge or subject areas and experiences)
- Long term plans and aspirations (targets including progress, career plans and aspirations)

Liaison will be undertaken with the relevant agencies in the assessment and review processes as appropriate.

The named Governor will report annually to the Governing Body on the key indicators outlined.