













Geography Progression Plan Years 1 - 6

Aspect	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Locational and Place Knowledge	Name and locate some places in their locality (Mottram & Hattersley), the UK and wider world. Understand what a Capital City is.	Name and locate significant places in their locality (Mottram & Hattersley), the UK and wider world. Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans.	Name and locate a wider range of places in their locality (Mottram Hattersley, Manchester), the UK and wider world. Know locations and names of the continents on a world map. Locate the main countries of Europe.	Name and locate a wider range of places in their locality (Mottram Hattersley, Manchester), the UK and wider world, including some globally significant features.	Name and locate an increasing range of places in the world including globally and topically significant features and events.	Name and locate an extensive range of places in the world including globally and topically significant features and events.
Human and Physical Knowledge	Describe some places and features using basic geographical vocabulary. Express their views on some features of their environment e.g. what they do or do not like.	Describe places and features using simple geographical vocabulary. Make observations about features that give places their character.	Use geographical language to describe some aspects of human and physical features and patterns. Make observations about places and features that change over time.	Use geographical language to identify and explain some aspects of human and physical features and patterns. Describe how features and places change and the links between people and environments. On a world map, locate areas of similar environmental regions.	Use geographical language to identify and explain key aspects of human and physical features and patterns, as well as links and interactions between people, places and environments. Demonstrate an understanding of how and why some features or places are similar or different and how and why they change. Explore fair/unfair distribution of resources (Fairtrade). Understand and explain latitude and longitude.	Recognise patterns in human and physical features and understand some of the conditions, processes or changes which influence these patterns. Explain some links and interactions between people, places and environments.
Geographical Skills:	Use a range of sources such as simple maps, globes,	Use a range of sources such as maps, globes, atlases	Use a range of sources including digital maps,	Use a range of sources including digital and	Use a range of maps and other sources of	Interpret a wider range of geographical information
Enquiry and Investigation	atlases and images. Know that symbols mean something on maps.	and aerial photos to identify features and places, as well as to follow routes.	atlases, globes and satellite images to research and present geographical information.	Ordnance Survey maps, atlases, globes and satellite images to research geographical information.	geographical information and select the most appropriate for a task. Demonstrate an understanding of the	and maps including scale, projections, thematic, and digital maps. Recognise an increasing range of Ordnance Survey















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		Use the four-simple compass directions as well as locational and directional language when describing features and routes.	Use the eight compass points and recognise some Ordnance Survey symbols on maps. Locate features using two-figure grid references.	Recognise Ordnance Survey symbols on maps and locate features using four-figure grid references.	difference between Ordnance Survey and other maps and when it is most appropriate to use each one. Locate features using six- figure grid references.	symbols on maps and locate features using six-figure grid references.
Geographical Skills: Communication	Use maps and other images to talk about everyday life e.g. where they live, journeys to school etc. Draw, speak or write about simple geographical concepts such as what they can see where.	Express views about the environment and recognise how people sometimes affect the environment. Create their own simple maps and symbols.	Express their opinions on environmental issues and recognise how people can affect the environment both positively and negatively. Communicate geographical information through a range of methods including the use of ICT.	Express their opinions on environmental issues and recognise that other people may think differently. Communicate geographical information through a range of methods including digital maps, plans, graphs and presentations.	Express and explain their opinions on geographical and environmental issues and recognise why other people may think differently. Choose from a range of methods e.g. digital maps, plans, graphs and presentations when communicating geographical information.	Develop their views and attitudes to critically evaluate responses to local geographical issues or global issues and events. Communicate geographical information using a wide range of methods including writing at increasing length.